

سوالات درس عمومی زبان انگلیسی

کاردانی شرکت ملی پالایش و پخش فرآورده های نفتی ایران ۱۳۸۳

The Law Student

After four years of study young John passed his law examinations and in 1890 returned to his country. When he landed he was met by friends who told him of his mother's death. This was an even greater shock to him that the death of his father before he went to England. The next few years were not happy ones. He found his work as a lawyer not at all interesting, and came to feel that he was fitted for this kind of job. He had trouble on one occasion when he was in court. He almost fainted, and when his turn came to speak he could not say a word. He would well come a change. This came when he was invited to go to South Africa to advise a rich Indian merchant who was trying to collect a large amount of money from a member of his family.

Mark the best choice:

1- John received his law degree toward the — — — .

- 1) beginning of the nineteenth century. 2) end of the nineteenth century.
3) beginning of the twentieth century 4) end of the twentieth century

2- From the paragraph it seems that John's mother died — — — .

- 1) before he went to England 2) When this friend come to greet him
3) while he was away at school 4) After he returned home

3- After practicing law for some time, John began to feel that he should — — — .

- 1) not have become a lawyer 2) have remained in London
3) not have gone to England 4) have made more friends

4- One day when he was in court, John — — — .

- 1) spoke beautifully 2) became very weak
3) heard of his mother's death 4) became interested in law

Grammar and Vocabulary:

5- Albert Einstein was — — — famous scientist.

- 1) a 2) an 3) the 4) -

6- Walking — — — a ladder is considered to be bad luck.

- 1) under 2) with 3) at 4) away

7- He can climb trees — — — a monkey.

- 1) as 2) like 3) the same that 4) similar than

8- Everyone else was killed in the accident. I was the only one to — — — .

- 1) live 2) survive 3) alive 4) outlive

9- She died after a long — — — .

- 1) disease 2) sickness 3) illness 4) failing

10- I — — — to inform you that there's nothing we can do to help you.

- 1) sorry 2) am sorry 3) resent 4) regret

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Read the following questions and choose a , b , c or d and mark it on your answer sheet.

11- All lives in ahwas now , — — — .

- 1) Lives he? 2) Doesn't he? 3) Dose he? 4) He dose?

12- The house — — — I live in is 100 years old.

- 1) where 2) who 3) which 4) what

13- There is a height difference between us, Ali is quite short and I am fairly — — — .

- 1) tall 2) high 3) great 4) large

14- A: — — — .

B: He's tall, good looking, with brown eyes.

- 1) What dose he like? 2) How dose he look?
3) What dose he look like? 4) How is he?

15- You boy! Don't walk — — — when I am speaking to you.

- 1) on 2) to 3) out 4) away

16- Would you mind taking — — — your shoes when you come inside?

- 1) away 2) on 3) off 4) limit

17- Why do all young people love — — — loud music?

- 1) listening 2) listening to 3) hearing 4) hearing to

18- She's so — — — she cries at anything.

- 1) Sensitive 2) sensible 3) senseless 4) sensational

19- How many languages do you — — — ?

- 1) talk 2) say 3) speak 4) tell

20- I won't be able to come to class, I've got an interview for a job — — — 6 o'clock.

- 1) at 2) in 3) to 4) for

21- Do you want to come swimming — — — Saturday.

- 1) at 2) in 3) to 4) on

22- Do you believe — — — ghosts?

- 1) to 2) on 3) in 4) of

23- You look worried. What are you thinking — — — ?

- 1) to 2) about 3) in 4) from

24- The Sun is at the center of our — — — System.

- 1) Sunny 2) Solar 3) Sun 4) Sunshine

25- A: — — — any foreign language?

B: Yes, I do. I've been studying Arabic at night school.

- 1) Do you speak? 2) Are you speaking
3) Have you spoken? 4) Did you speak?

26- The bus for Karaj — — — at 8:00 every day.

- 1) has left 2) due to leave 3) to leave 4) leaves

27- How long does it — — — to fly from Tehran to Ahwas?

- 1) take 2) last 3) duration 4) go

28- A: I'm getting married."

B: Oh, — — — .

- 1) What a shame! 2) What a pity!
3) Congratulations! 4) That's too bad!

29- Sorry I'm late. I was so tired I just couldn't get — — — this morning.

- 1) down 2) up 3) over 4) by

30- A pilot flies a plane, a captain sails a ship, but what dose a cabby drive?

- 1) a train 2) a bus 3) a taxi 4) you crazy

31- '— — — I open the windows? Yes, please.

- 1) Will 2) Must to 3) shall 4) Would

32- It was raining — — — so we couldn't go out.

- 1) every day 2) all day 3) all the days 4) all day long

33- The — — — checks the tickets at the station.

- 1) Pedestrian 2) passer by 3) conductor 4) street vendor

34- The — — — has made it easier to move around town.

- 1) cane 2) subway 3) straw 4) loan

Engineering geologists survey the geology of an area, and then prepare a geological map. One of their main responsibilities is to determine whether the geological structure of a location is suitable for the building of huge structures such as dams.

35- the word suitable in the passage is closest in meaning to ...

- 1) appropriate 2) extensive 3) recoverable 4) perfect

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Part A

Choose the item which best completes these statements. Mark your answer on the answer sheet.

36- I can't remember this name. It doesn't — — — in my mind.

- 1) occur 2) go 3) stick 4) remind

37- I'm afraid I don't understand the report, please give me more — — — about it.

- 1) destruction 2) advice 3) advance 4) information

38- In this report, there are lots of sports events, such as skiing, boxing, swimming, running and — — — .

- 1) repairing 2) wrestling 3) admission 4) celebration

39- A: Where can he find his watch?

B: I don't know — — — find it.

- 1) where can he 2) where he can't 3) where he can 4) where can't he

40- A: I'm sure he's lost his watch at school.

B: That's not true because it — — — in his friends house yesterday.

- 1) was found 2) would be found 3) has been found 4) is found

41-A: Dose it seem to be a/n — — — problem.

B: Yes, because I don't know how to solve it.

- 1) injurious 2) difficult 3) stupid 4) sufficient

42- I think the teacher — — — what the reason for the difficulty was.

- 1) gave back 2) took out 3) looked out 4) found out

43- It is necessary for good student to — — — their lessons carefully during the school year.

- 1) memorize 2) study 3) remember 4) correct

44- A: Does a good student always leave the class early?

B: YES, S/ he — — — stays late.

- 1) never 2) often 3) usually 4) always

**45- I had an interesting — — — with my good classmate,
We talked about lots of different things.**

- 1) observation 2) understanding 3) explanation 4) conversation

Part B:

Read the texts, then choose the item 1, 2,3 or 4 which best completes the statements.

Harry Marsh was a driving examiner who had to test people who wanted to get. A driving-licence. One day he came out of his office as usual and saw a car at the side of the road with a young man in it. He got into the car beside the driver and told him to check the lights then the brakes and then all the other usual things. The driver performed everything promptly and faultlessly, without saying word.

Then Harry told the driver to start his engine and drive forward. Then he told him to turn right into a side a side road. Stop go backwards into another side road and then drive to the office again.

On the way, the driver said to Harry politely, Could you please tell me why we are doing all these entire things? I was passing through this town and only stopped to look at my map.

**46- From the text , it can be understood that people who wanted to get a driving-licence.
had to — — — The driving test.**

- 1) give 2) examine 3) take 4) test

47- Mr. Harry marsh told the driver in the car to check the lights, brakes and all the other thing and he performed them all promptly and faultlessly. The underlined word here means:

- 1) did 2) followed 3) explained 4) fed

48- They returned to the office after the driver — — — . Every thing he was told to do.

- 1) performed 2) had performed
3) has performed 4) would have performed

49- Mr. Marsh mistook the young man for driving examinee because he — — — .

- 1) was passing through the town 2) stopped to look at the map
3) didn't ask him about the address 4) didn't ask him for introduction

50- "The driver performed everything promptly and faultlessly, without saying a word." the underlined word promptly here means.

- 1) rapidly 2) properly 3) appropriately 4) suitably

1- The Earth is made up of three main layers: the crust, the mantle, and the core. The crust, the layer that you live on, is like the skin of an apple. It is very thin. (From 6 to 30 kilometers) in comparison to the other two layers. It is broken into many pieces called plates. These plates float on the soft, plastic mantle below the crust. The core, which is at the center of the Earth, consists of heavy metals and is about 4000 centigrade hot.

2- The plates of the crust move along smoothly but sometimes they stick together and create pressure. The pressure increases and the rock bends until it breaks. When this occurs, an earthquake is the result.

3- Earthquakes happen everyday. Though millions of people may never experience an earthquake, it is a very common happening on this planet. So today, somewhere an earthquake will occur. It may be so light that only special instruments can record its movement. It may shake houses, rattle windows, and change the place of small things. It may be strong enough to cause damage, injury, and death.

4- It is thought that about 700 shocks each year have this power when they occur in a populated area. Luckily, most of these destructive earthquakes occur in less populated places.

51- Which layer of the earth do earthquakes occur on?

- 1) the mantle 2) the plates 3) the core 4) the crust

52- What do earthquakes result from?

- 1) the sticking of the plates 2) the pressure increase of the plates
3) the creation of pressure in the plates 4) the pressure increase and rock breaking

53- Why can't some earthquakes be felt?

- Because they are not very _____.

- 1) tangible 2) changeable 3) common 4) light

54- When do earthquakes result in death?

- It results in death when it is _____ enough.

- 1) mild 2) vigorous 3) rattling 4) healthy

55- The word "Luckily" as used here means:

- 1) happily 2) smoothly 3) fortunately 4) desperately

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Reading Comprehension

Human beings can locate sound sources by comparing in the brain the sounds which arrive at each ear. Try a simple experiment. Ask a friend to sit facing in one direction and not to move his head. Make a sharp sound (for example, by clicking the fingers, blowing a whistle or striking a piece of metal) about two meters away from him. Get your friend to point to the source of the sound. Now make the sound at different places around him, still about two meters away. See how good he is at locating the sound. Make sure that the room is almost silent and do not distract the subject by other noises. Note carefully his performance with sounds in

the medial plane. The result will probably show one important factor in location: it is not very accurate when the sound source is at points equidistant from two ears.

56- It is important that the person close his eyes in order to — — — .

- 1) not to see the sound the source
- 2) focus on the sound source
- 3) imagine the sound source
- 4) sleep during the experiment

57- If the room is not silent, — — — .

- 1) he can not point to sound source
- 2) he may get angry
- 3) he may become excited
- 4) the sound may be distracted by other sounds.

58- The purpose of this experiment is to — — — .

- 1) measure the performance of the experiment
- 2) examine the ability to locate sound
- 3) measures the distance between the medial plane and the ears
- 4) make a sharp sound

59- When the sound source is at equal distance from the two ears, — — — .

- 1) the person can not point to the sound source
- 2) the ability to locate sounds is accurate
- 3) the subject is distracted by other sounds
- 4) the ability to locate sounds is not accurate

60- We understand from the passage that the medial plane is — — — .

- 1) between the two ears
- 2) the distance from the sound source to the ears
- 3) an imaginary circle which is at equal distance from the two ears
- 4) the distance from one ear to the other

Vocabulary

61- Photographic films are — — — to light.

- 1) visible
- 2) exact
- 3) sensitive
- 4) important

62- Some elements are not easily — — — ; therefore, they are expensive.

- 1) extended
- 2) available
- 3) stored
- 4) capable

63- metal ropes — — — around pulley at a very high velocity.

- 1) revolve
- 2) involve
- 3) dissolve
- 4) solve

64- His success is the — — — of his hard study.

- 1) delivery
- 2) advance
- 3) concern
- 4) out come

65- A catalyst is a substance which accelerates a chemical reaction.

"accelerates" here means — — — .

- 1) slows down
- 2) speeds up
- 3) stabilizes
- 4) stops

66- You should not bring fire dose to hydrogen because it is very — — — .

- 1) inflammable
- 2) condensed
- 3) crowded
- 4) compressed

67- The fuel air mixture is — — — in the combustion chamber.

- 1) diluted
- 2) ignited
- 3) compressed
- 4) evaporated

68- Do you know his address?

I wish I — — — it.

- 1) have known 2) known 3) hade know 4) knew

69- Since Ali was late to class, he — — — clean the blackboard.

- 1) made 2) was made 3) was made to 4) had been made to

70- Now English — — — all over the word.

- 1) has spoken 2) is speaking 3) speaks 4) is spoke

71- One of the ships had split — — — oil into the sea.

- 1) much 2) many 3) a lot of 4) a few

72- Scientists make many experiments in their — — — for truth.

- 1) operation 2) search 3) conduction 3) sense

73- Oxygen is sometimes used to let patients — — — more easily.

- 1) breathe 2) operate 3) heal 4) perform

74- If water is heated to 100 degrees Celsius, it will — — —

- 1) liquefy 2) condense 3) boil 4) distill

75- Oxygen and hydrogen are not the only gases that occur in the air. "occur" here means — — — .

- 1) exist 2) appear 3) live 4) remain

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In this part of the test, each item consists of an incomplete sentence. Below the sentence are four choices, marked (1), (2), (3) and (4). You should find the one choice which best completes the sentence. Mark your choice on the answer sheet.

76- The complicated instructions for building the radio — — — him.

- 1) astonished 2) deserved 3) frightened 4) puzzled

77- There was a huge — — — on the steps of the court house.

- 1) collection 2) gathering 3) people 4) population

78- — — — indicated the new drug will cure infections.

- 1) Experiments 2) Tests 3) Observations 4) Trials

79- He had no qualification, — — — . He got the job.

- 1) nevertheless 2) although 3) in spite of 4) because

80- DO Mr. and Mrs. Smith work in bank?

- 1) He dose but she doesn't. 2) He work but she doesn't.
3) He do but she dn't. 4) He work but she don't

81- A person who talks to — — — in not necessarily mad.

- 1) himself 2) oneself 3) yourself 4) itself

82- I am completely — — — I do not know which one is really correct.

- 1) got up 2) found up 3) mixed up 4) picked

83- I have to bank — — — some money.

- 1) for getting 2) to get 3) to getting 4) for to get

84- The economic situation is in balance when we — — — enough or more than what we bring in to the country.

- 1) edit 2) export 3) equip 4) enter

85- Every body is worried about the high pollution in big cities but they are doing — —

- 1) any thing 2) every thing 3) nothing 4) something

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86- He has got such a strong — — — . he never forgets anything.

- 1) brain 2) capacity 3) memory 4) mind

87- You don't have — — — time to finish your breakfast.

- 1) so 2) too 3) enough 4) such

88- Mehdi's bicycle cost a lot , — — — ?

- 1) Didn't 2) didn't he 3) doesn't he 4) doesn't

89- Did you make him — — — a letter to his mother?

- 1) write 2) written 3) wrote 4) to write

90- Hurry up! Ali is waiting — — — us.

- 1) by 2) for 3) from 4) to

91- Today, the weather is — — — than yesterday.

- 1) bad 2) the worst 3) worst 4) worse

92- Let's — — — the teacher collect the exam papers.

- 1) help 2) helping 3) to help 4) we help

93- Some question don't need a full answer.

"Full" means — — — .

- 1) safe 2) suitable 3) complete 4) basis

94- I will try to do my — — — .

- 1) best 2) better 3) good 4) worse

95- Some babies become — — — . Because insects carry harmful microbes to their eyes.

- 1) blind 2) careless 3) cruel 4) stupid

96- The president made a very interesting — — — in his meeting with the teachers.

- 1) message 2) research 3) speech 4) solution

97- Can you — — — this German word for me?

I don't know what it means.

- 1) Write 2) spell 3) translate 4) read

98- "How old is your aunt?" " — — — "

- 1) she is fine 2) she is pretty 3) she is a nurse 4) she is twenty

99- "Where's your friend from?" " — — — "

- 1) He is doctor 2) H's at home 3) He is a German 4) He is just fine

100- The bird's — — — is broken. That's why it can't fly.

- 1) leg 2) neck 3) tail 4) wing

101- If you get there first, please — — — me a seat.

- 1) saving 2) savingly 3) save 4) saviour

102- Mary is — — — only student who speaks there different languages.

- 1) a 2) an 3) the 4) over

103- They didn't go — — — last weekend. They preferred to stay at home and rest.

- 1) anywhere 2) somewhere 3) every where 4) no where

104- The Earth is only a small — — — located on the edge of the Milky Way.

- 1) plane 2) plant 3) planet 4) plan

105- I can smell something — — — in the kitchen.

- 1) burning 2) burns 3) is burning 4) to burn

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A: Choose the best choice

106- The container is ten meters — — — .

- 1) height 2) heavy 3) length 4) long

107- A rectangle has two — — — length and width.

- 1) measures 2) dimensions 3) shapes 4) figures

108- An isosceles triangles has two equal sides and a — — — .

- 1) height 2) length 3) base 4) dimension

109- The Suez canal is 12 meters in — — — .

- 1) weight 2) depth 3) density 4) length

110- Rubber is — — — but wood is not.

- 1) soluble 2) flexible 3) accurate 4) heavy

111- The ancient Persian considered that truthfulness was the supreme virtue and lying the greatest offense. For many years the Persian nation was known for — — — .

- 1) liberty 2) bribery 3) honesty 4) bravery

112- We raise sugar cane in Khuzestan. Cane needs a long summer and will grow well in almost all — — — .

- 1) regions of the world 2) parts of the country
3) seasons of the year 4) warm countries

113- In countries of the Middle East dates are such an important article of food that the failure of the date crop is a/n — — — .

- 1) serious loss 2) political issue 3) frequent occurrence 4) economic advantage

114- Overpopulation is a problem in many of the areas in which rice is produced. Since rice is the principal component of the diet of the people in their areas, not much of it is — — — .

- 1) grown annually 2) left for export 3) marketed locally 4) ordered as medicine

115- "The feed water should be free from dissolved salts"

This sentence means that it should — — — dissolved salts.

- 1) deposit 2) absorb 3) contain 4) not contain

116- One disadvantage of this new model is its high — — — of fuel.

- 1) admission 2) introduction 3) production 4) consumption

117- A — — — of oil is applied between the two surfaces in contact to decrease friction.

- 1) volume 2) film 3) draught 4) charge

118- Pure water which is the result of condensing water vapor is known as — — — .

- 1) feed water 2) condensed 3) distilled water 4) coolant

119- Most metals are — — — against corrosion by painting.

- 1) prevented 2) protected 3) avoided 4) kept

120- The project will continue whether or not they receive enough money, in other words, the project will continue — — — the cost.

- 1) with respect to 2) depending on 3) irrespective of 4) with regard of

121- Impurities should be — — — from the solution immediately.

- 1) displaced 2) replaced 3) removed 4) extracted

کارشناسی شرکت ملی گاز ایران ۱۳۸۴

I. READING. Read the passages and choose the answer to each question.

People who have the capacity for intense concentration have a great advantage. Such people have the ability to ignore the stimuli (sights, sounds, or anything that can distract a person) and more likely are to stay with the task at hand and to solve it. This ability can make all the difference between winning and losing in certain situations—for example, the championship runner competing for the gold medal at the Olympics.

122- In this passage "concentration" refers to a person's ability to — — — .

- 1) stay in on place 2) focus on a task
3) hear certain sounds 4) ignore stimuli

123- Sportsmen who can concentrate are more likely to — — — .

- 1) compete 2) win 3) relax 4) run

124- The phrase "stay with the task" as used here is closest in meaning to — — — the task.

- 1) ignore 2) leave 3) compete with 4) concentrate on

According to one story, a Scottish boy watched the steam lift the top off his mothers tea kettle and realized the power of steam to make machines work. That boy, James watt, would then go to invent the modern steam engine in 1769. Actually, the history of steam technology records the successful work of several scientists and engineers before watt. For example, in 1698, Thomas savory had introduced a simple steam

pump to remove water from mines, and 14 years later Thomas Newcomen invented a better pump. But these pumps were not efficient because they used so much fuel. In 1769, the Scottish boy, James Watt, figured out a way to save three-quarters of the fuel. To honor him, his last name became the name of a unit of energy.

125- The example of boiling kettle shows that steam is — — — .

- 1) useful 2) efficient 3) powerful 4) necessary

126- The first steam engines — — — .

- 1) didn't pump water 2) cost too much to build
3) were difficult to make 4) used too much fuel

127- From the passage, we understand that James watt — — — to reduce the use of fuel to a quarter.

- 1) imagined a technique 2) made a kind of pump
3) invented a pump 4) built the first steam engine

128- We can show "three-quarters" by — — — .

- 1) 30% 2) 25% 3) 75% 4) 50%

VOCABULARY AND STRUCTURE. Choose the word or phrase which best completes each item and make it on your answer sheet.

129- Excuse me, can you tell me the way to the town hall?

I'm afraid not, I am a — — — around here.

- 1) conductor 2) foreigner 3) tourist 4) stranger

130- We asked the — — — at the hotel to get us a taxi.

- 1) lawyer 2) receptionist 3) reporter 4) conductor

131- It's cold outside. Don't forget to take your — — — .

- 1) scarf 2) pants 3) shorts 4) suits

132- In Iran, most people — — — hands when they first meet.

- 1) have 2) lock 3) hold 4) shake

133- It — — — me about an hour to get to the bank.

- 1) makes 2) takes 3) gets 4) spends

134- He asked me how old — — — .

- 1) was I 2) did I 3) I was 4) am I

135- I failed my Math exam, I wish I — — — more.

- 1) studied 2) had studied 3) would studied 4) have studied

136- My car was broken, therefore, I got a mechanicit.

- 1) fix 2) fixes 3) fixing 4) to fix

137- The man — — — coat is brown is from Tabriz.

- 1) which 2) that 3) whose 4) whom

138- I had to change the wheel of my car because its tire was — — — .

- 1) off 2) flat 3) broken 4) empty

139- We have to walk up the stairs because the — — — is out of order.

- 1) generator 2) booth 3) elevator 4) air-conditioner

140- Due to care accident, there was a traffic — — —, and the cars couldn't move.

- 1) jam 2) pile 3) regulation 4) light

141- I had no money to pay fore the books because I had lost my — — — .

- 1) racket 2) backpack 3) boot 4) wallet

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142- Some thing are — — — to see without a microscope.

- 1) so small 2) such small 3) too small 4) small enough

143- She wanted to know — — — any foreign languages.

- 1) if I can speak 2) that I could speak
3) why I can speak 4) whether I could speak

144- The walls of this room are so dirty that I am going to have them?

- 1) paint 2) painted 3) to paint 4) painting

145- The driver — — — was fined by the police officer had not stopped at the red light.

- 1) who 2) whom 3) whose 4) which

146- It was — — — amusing film that I saw it twice?

- 1) such an 2) too 3) enough 4) so

147- Everybody wants to find a good job — — — ?

- 1) aren't they 2) isn't he 3) don't they 4) doesn't he

148- Why dose she want to go to the library?

She would like — — — some letters

- 1) to write 2) write 3) writes 4) writing

149- These days, football — — — played all over the world.

- 1) be 2) is 3) was 4) being

150- The examinations begin — — — January.

- 1) at 2) on 3) in 4) with

151- In autumn the trees — — — their leaves.

- 1) are losing 2) are lost 3) lose 4) have lost

152- A scientist can — — — something new in any experiment he makes.

- 1) continue 2) discover 3) follow 4) wonder

153- Babies — — — before they can walk.

- 1) stop 2) knock 3) crawl 4) smell

154- Last week, The — — — of our composition was "The Role of T.V"

- 1) area 2) basis 3) branch 4) topic

155- Mr. Amini — — — a lot of money by writing stories.

- 1) earns 2) promises 3) prepares 4) spends

156- Mrs. Ahmady's servant will — — — her children while she is in hospital.

- 1) look up 2) look for 3) look after 4) look at

157- I can not visit Ali, — — — I don't feel well today.

- 1) when 2) due to 3) since 4) because of

158- I feel very — — — to be a part of such a successful constructional bridge project.

- 1) healthy 2) fit 3) active 4) proud

159- Ali didn't want to — — — his wife with his financial problems on their trip, so he pretended to be happy.

- 1) provide 2) bother 3) support 4) inform

160- Reza could have found my house — — — he had forgotten the address.

- 1) because 2) while 3) unless 4) whereas

161- It is a scientific — — — that light travels faster than sound.

- 1) event 2) observation 3) fact 4) principle

162- Scientists found that oil could be used as a — — — for heating and lighting.

- 1) root 2) fuel 3) fiber 4) loaf

163- Rubber stretches and bends — — —

- 1) regularly 2) actively 3) forcibly 4) flexibly

164- The fuel tank has a /an — — — of sixty liters.

- 1) activity 2) capacity 3) responsibility 4) ability

165- The United Nations has been in existence — — — word war II ended.

- 1) since 2) during 3) when 4) for

166- Open the window and let some — — — air in.

- 1) sudden 2) industrial 3) fresh 4) polluted

167- Reza suffers from hard — — —, so he can not bend easily.

- 1) joints 2) ribs 3) incomes 4) feelings

168- Physical exercise is good way of — — — stress.

- 1) releasing 2) raising 3) realizing 4) stretching

169- Smoking and bad quality of the air that people breathe can cause — — — cancer.

- 1) bone 2) joint 3) hear 4) luny

باسم‌نامه آزمون

زبان انگلیسی

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
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21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
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101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110
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121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130
131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140
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151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160
161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170
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دان آزمون
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